I Mina'Trentai Dos Na Liheslaturan Guahan

Bill Log Sheet

| BILL NO. | SPONSOR | TITLE | DATE INTRODUCED | DATE REFERRED | CMTE REFERRED | PUBLIC HEARING DATE | DATE COMMITTEE REPORT FILED | FISCAL NOTES |
|-----------------|---------|---|-----------------------|------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| 195-32 (COR) | | AN ACT RELATIVE TO PROTECTING INFANTS WHO ARE BORN ALIVE AS A RESULT OF AN ABORTION, THROUGH THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE "INFANT CHILD'S RIGHT TO LIFE ACT"; THROUGH ADDING A NEW CHAPTER 91 TO TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED. | 09/25/13 2:21 p.m. | 09/26/13 | Committee on the Guam U. S. Military Relocation, Homeland Security, Veterans's Affairs, and Judiciary | | | |



COMMITTEE ON RULES

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Senator Rory J. Respicio Chairperson Majority Leader

September 26, 2013

MEMORANDUM

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Senator Frank Blas Aguon, Jr. Member

Senator Michael F.Q. San Nicolas Member

> Senator V. Anthony Ada Member **M**INORITY LEADER

Senator Aline Yamashita Member To:Rennae MenoClerk of the Legislature

Attorney Therese M. Terlaje *Legislative Legal Counsel*

 From:
 Senator Rory J. Respicio

 Majority Leader & Rules Chair

Subject: Referral of Bill No. 195-32(COR)

As the Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, I am forwarding my referral of **Bill No. 195-32(COR)**.

Please ensure that the subject bill is referred, in my name, to the respective committee, as shown on the attachment. I also request that the same be forwarded to all members of *I Mina'trentai Dos na Liheslaturan Guåhan*.

Should you have any questions, please feel free to contact our office at 472-7679.

Si Yu'os Ma'åse!

Attachment

I MINA'TRENTAI DOS NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2013 (First) Regular Session

Bill No. 195-32 (602

Introduced by:

FRANK B. AGUON, JR

AN ACT RELATIVE TO PROTECTING INFANTS WHO ARE BORN ALIVE AS A RESULT OF AN ABORTION, THROUGH THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE "INFANT CHILD'S RIGHT TO LIFE ACT"; THROUGH ADDING A NEW CHAPTER 91 TO TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED.

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

Section 1. Legislative Findings and Intent. I Liheslaturan Guahan finds 2 that a proposal was previously introduced in a prior legislature that would protect 3 the life of a child who is brought into this world through the abortion process, and 4 who upon extraction from the mother's womb is found to still be alive. 1 5 Liheslaturan Guahan recognizes that a child in this situation who is found to be 6 alive must be preserved and every effort be made to protect the child's life. 7 Therefore, it is the intent of I Liheslaturan Guahan to enact legislation that would 8 require that in such cases whereupon an infant that, through an abortion process, is 9 found to still be alive, that life must be recognized as a human being and thus must 10 be extended the right to life. 11

Section 2. Establishment of the "Infant Child's Right to Life Act". There
 is hereby created a new Chapter 91 to Title 9 of the Guam Code Annotated to read
 as follows:

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| 1 | "CHAPTER 91 | | | | | |
|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | INFANT CHILD'S RIGHT TO LIFE ACT | | | | | |
| 3 | §91.01. Title. | | | | | |
| 4 | This Act may be known and cited as the "Infant Child's Right to Life Act." | | | | | |
| 5 | §91.02. Legislative Findings and Purpose. | | | | | |
| 6 | (a) I Liheslaturan Guahan finds that: | | | | | |
| 7 | (1) All children, no matter their age, have the right to life. Guam | | | | | |
| 8 | has a paramount interest in protecting all human life. | | | | | |
| 9 | (2) If an abortion results in the live birth of an infant, the infant is a | | | | | |
| 10 | legal person for all purposes under the laws of this Territory. | | | | | |
| 11 | (3) Guam must assert its interest in protecting an infant whose live | | | | | |
| 12 | birth occurred as the result of an abortion. | | | | | |
| 13 | (4) Without proper legal protection, newly-born infants who | | | | | |
| 14 | survive abortions could be denied proper life-saving or life- | | | | | |
| 15 | sustaining medical treatment and left to die. | | | | | |
| 16 | (b) Accordingly, it is the purpose of this Act to ensure the protection and | | | | | |
| 17 | promotion of the health and well-being of all infants born alive in this | | | | | |
| 18 | Territory. Therefore, this Act mandates that healthcare providers give | | | | | |
| 19 | medically appropriate and reasonable life-saving and life-sustaining medical | | | | | |
| 20 | care and treatment to all born-alive infants. | | | | | |
| 21 | § 91.03. Definitions. | | | | | |
| 22 | For the purposes of this Act only: | | | | | |
| 23 | (a) "Abortion" means the termination of a human pregnancy with | | | | | |
| 24 | an intention other than to produce a live birth or to remove a dead | | | | | |
| 25 | fetus. | | | | | |
| 26 | (b) "Born alive" or "live birth" means the complete expulsion or | | | | | |
| 27 | extraction of an infant from his or her mother, regardless of the state | | | | | |
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1of gestational development, that, after expulsion or extraction,2whether or not the umbilical cord has been cut or the placenta is3attached, and regardless of whether the expulsion or extraction occurs4as a result of natural or induced labor, cesarean section, or induced5abortion, shows any evidence of life, including, but not limited to, one6or more of the following:

- (1) breathing;
- (2) a heartbeat;

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(3) umbilical cord pulsation; or

(4) definite movement of voluntary muscles.

(c) "Consent" means knowledge of and explicit or implicit
agreement to or instruction to perform a violation of this Act.

(d) "Facility" or "medical facility" means any public or private
hospital, clinic, center, medical school, medical training institution,
healthcare facility, physician's office, infirmary, dispensary,
ambulatory surgical treatment center, or other institution or location
wherein medical care is provided to any person.

(e) "Infant," for the purposes of this Act, and as used in this Act,
means a child of the species *homo sapiens* that has been completely
expulsed or extracted from its mother, regardless of the stage of
gestational development, until the age of thirty (30) days post birth.
An "infant" is also a human being for purposes of Chapter 16 of Title
9, Guam Code Annotated.

- 24 (f) "Premature" or "preterm" means occurring prior to the
 25 thirty-seventh (37th) week of gestation.
- 26 § 91.04. Requirements and Responsibilities.

- (a) A person shall not deny or deprive an infant of nourishment with the intent to cause or allow the death of the infant for any reason.

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(b) A person shall not deprive an infant of medically appropriate and reasonable medical care and treatment or surgical care.

- (c) The requirements of this Section shall not be construed to prevent an
 infant's parent(s) or guardian(s) from refusing to give consent to medical
 treatment or surgical care which is not medically necessary or reasonable,
 including care or treatment which either:
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(1) is not necessary to save the life of the infant;

- 10 (2) has a potential risk to the infant's life or health that outweighs
 11 the potential benefit to the infant of the treatment or care; or
- 12 13

(3) is treatment that will do no more than prolong the act of dying when death is imminent.

The physician performing an abortion must take all medically (d)14 appropriate and reasonable steps to preserve the life and health of an infant. 15 If an abortion performed in a hospital results in a live birth, the physician 16 attending the abortion shall provide immediate medical care to the infant, 17 inform the mother of the live birth, and request transfer of the infant to a 18 resident or on-duty or emergency care physician who shall provide 19 medically-appropriate and reasonable medical care and treatment to the 20 infant. If an abortion performed in a facility other than a hospital results in a 21 live birth, a physician attending the abortion shall provide immediate 22 medical care and treatment to the infant and call 9-1-1 for an emergency 23 transfer of the infant to a hospital that shall provide medically-appropriate 24 and reasonable care and treatment to the infant. 25

(e) If the physician described in paragraph (d) of this Section is unable to
 perform the duties in that paragraph because he is assisting the woman on

whom the abortion was performed, then an attending physician's assistant, 1 nurse, or other licensed healthcare provider must assume the duties outlined 2 in that paragraph. 3

Any infant including one born in the course of an abortion procedure (f) 4 5 shall be treated as a legal person under the laws of this Territory, with the same rights to medically-appropriate care and treatment, and birth and death 6 (if death occurs) certificates shall be issued accordingly. 7

If, before the abortion, the mother and the father have stated in writing 8 (g) that they do not wish to keep the infant in the event that the abortion results 9 in a live birth, and this writing is not retracted before the abortion, the infant, 10 if born alive, shall immediately upon birth become a ward of the Territory. 11

No person may use any infant for any type of scientific research or (h) 12 other kind of experimentation except as necessary to protect or preserve the 13 life and health of the premature born alive infant. 14

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§ 91.05. Criminal Penalties.

Any physician, nurse, or other licensed healthcare provider who 16 (a) intentionally with premeditation, or intentionally, or knowingly, or 17 recklessly, or by criminal negligence fails to provide reasonable and 18 medically-appropriate and reasonable care and treatment to an infant in the 19 course of an abortion shall be guilty of a criminal homicide as defined in 20 Chapter 16 of Title 9, Guam Code Annotated and may be punished in 21 accordance with that Chapter. The mother will not be liable, criminally or 22 civilly, for actions of a physician, nurse, or other licensed healthcare 23 provider, in violation of this Act to which she did not give her consent. 24

Any violation of Section 91.04, paragraph (h) of this Act concerning (b) 25 the research use of a born- alive infant is a felony of the first degree and 26

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upon conviction may be punished in accordance with Article 2, Chapter 80 of Title 9, Guam Code Annotated.

§ 91.06. Civil and Administrative Action. 3

5 6 In addition to whatever remedies are available under the common or statutory law of this Territory, failure to comply with the requirements of this Act shall:

Provide a basis for a civil action for compensatory and punitive 7 (a) damages. Any conviction under this Act shall be admissible in a civil 8 suit as *prima facie* evidence of a failure to provide medically 9 appropriate and reasonable care and treatment to a born-alive infant. 10 Any civil action may be based on a claim that the death of or injury to 11 the born-alive infant was a result of simple negligence, gross 12 negligence, wantonness, willfulness, intentional conduct, or another 13 violation of the legal standard of care. 14

- Provide a basis for professional disciplinary action for the 15 (b) suspension or revocation of any license for physicians, licensed and 16 registered nurses, or other licensed or regulated persons. Any 17 conviction of any person for any failure to comply with the 18 requirements of this Act shall result in the automatic suspension of his 19 or her license for a period of at least one year and shall be reinstated 20 after that time only under such conditions as shall be required to 21 ensure compliance with this Act. 22
- Provide a basis for recovery for the parent(s) of the infant or the (c)23 parent(s) or guardian(s) of the mother if the mother is a minor, for the 24 wrongful death of the infant whether or not the infant was viable at 25 the time abortion was performed." 26
- Section 3. Construction. 27

1 (a) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to affirm, deny, expand, or 2 contract any legal status or legal right applicable to any member of the 3 species *homo sapiens* at any point prior to being born alive, as defined in this 4 Act.

- 5 (b) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to affect existing Federal or
 6 Territorial law regarding abortion.
- 7 (c) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as creating or recognizing a
 8 right to abortion.

9 (d) Nothing m this Act shall be construed to alter generally accepted medical
10 standards.

11 Section 4. Severability. Any provision of this Act held to be invalid or 12 unenforceable by its terms, or as applied to any person or circumstance, shall be 13 construed so as to give it the maximum effect permitted by law, unless such 14 holding shall be one of utter invalidity or unenforceability, in which event such 15 provision shall be deemed severable here from and shall not affect the remainder 16 hereof or the application of such provision to other persons not similarly situated or 17 to other, dissimilar circumstances.

18 Section 5. Effective Date. The provisions contained herein shall be effective
19 upon enactment of this Act.